

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

ERIC SENG, A,

Plaintiff,

v.

FEDEX FREIGHT WEST, INC.,  
a California corporation,

Defendant.

No. CV 07-1694-HU

OPINION AND ORDER

**MOSMAN, J.,**

On February 18, 2009, Magistrate Judge Hubel issued Findings and Recommendation ("F&R") (#69) in the above-captioned case recommending that: (1) FedEx's Motion to Strike (#58) be GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART; (2) FedEx's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (#34) be GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART; and (3) Mr. Senga's Motion for Judicial Notice (#60) be DENIED. No objection to the F&R was filed.

**DISCUSSION**

The magistrate judge makes only recommendations to the court, to which any party may file written objections. The court is not bound by the recommendations of the magistrate judge, but retains responsibility for making the final determination. The court is generally required to make a *de novo* determination of those portions of the report or specified findings or

recommendation as to which an objection is made. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). However, the court is not required to review, under a *de novo* or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the F&R to which no objections are addressed. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985); *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003). While the level of scrutiny under which I am required to review the F&R depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, I am free to accept, reject, or modify any of the magistrate judge's F&R. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C).

Upon review, I agree with Judge Hubel's recommendation, and I ADOPT the F&R (#69) as my own opinion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 19th day of March, 2009.

/s/ Michael W. Mosman  
MICHAEL W. MOSMAN  
United States District Court